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EXAM - NS0-156

Data ONTAP Cluster-Mode Administrator

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Question: 1

What are the three types of Vservers in clustered Data ONTAP 8.2? (Choose all that apply)

- A. System Vserver
- B. Node Vserver
- C. Admin Vserver
- D. Data Vserver
- E. Management Vserver
- F. Cluster Vserver

Answer: B,C,D

Question: 2

What is the maximum number of nodes supported for clustered Data ONTAP 8.2 serving only NAS protocols?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 4
- D. 6
- E. 16
- F. 24

Answer: F

Question: 3

In clustered Data ONTAP, which object exposes data to clients?

- A. A high-available pair of storage controllers
- B. An admin vserver
- C. A node vserver
- D. A data vserver

Answer: D

Question: 4

Which of the following shells are part of a Data ONTAP cluster? (choose all that apply)

- A. Management
- B. Admin
- C. System
- D. Node
- E. Cluster
- F. Advanced

Answer: C,D,E

Question: 5

Which of the following protocols can be used to obtain the clustered ONTAP 8.2 software image? (choose all that apply)

- A. NFS
- B. FTP
- C. TFTP
- D. HTTPS
- E. HTTP
- F. CIFS

Answer: B,C,E

Question: 6

What is the default shell for accessing clustered Data ONTAP?

- A. Diagnostic
- B. Node
- C. Cluster

- D. System
- E. Admin

Answer: C

Question: 7

Which built-in user can access the system shell?

- A. admin
- B. root
- C. diag
- D. vserver-admin

Answer: C

Question: 8

What is the default cluster shell account?

- A. root
- B. administrator
- C. user
- D. admin

Answer: D

Question: 9

Which of the following privilege levels are found in clustered data ONTAP? (Choose all that apply)

- A. admin
- B. advanced
- C. diagnostic
- D. system

E. cluster

Answer: A,B,C

Question: 10

In clustered Data ONTAP, which prompt verifies that you are in the cluster shell if the cluster is named "netappu"?

- A. netappu-01%
- B. netappu-01>
- C. netappu-01::>
- D. netappu::>

Answer: D

Question: 11

In which shell can administrators natively run Data ONTAP 7-mode commands?

- A. node shell
- B. system shell
- C. cluster shell
- D. admin shell
- E. diag shell

Answer: A

Question: 12

With regards to maintaining cluster quorum, epsilon functions as a:

- A. Master node
- B. Duplicated management database
- C. Secondary node

D. Tie-breaker

Answer: D

Question: 13

Which of the following is true about the storage module?

- A. Handles NAS and SAN Protocols
- B. Serves data to clients
- C. Manages WAFL, RAID and Storage
- D. Manages V-servers

Answer: C

Question: 14

Which of the following statements is true about the cluster session manager? (Choose all that apply)

- A. Handles networking, NFS, and CIFS
- B. Provides a communication mechanism between any network module or SCSI module and any data module
- C. Provides a reliable transport for SpinNP traffic
- D. Is used regardless of whether the network module or SCSI module and data module are on the same node or different nodes

Answer: B,C,D

Question: 15

Which of the following statements is true about epsilon?

- A. There is a specific epsilon for each replicated database unit
- B. If the node with epsilon is rebooted, epsilon will automatically move to another available node
- C. Epsilon can be moved manually

D. Epsilon cannot be moved manually

Answer: C

Question: 16

NAS clients see junctions as _____ in the parent volume.

- A. Vservers
- B. Nodes
- C. Sub-Volumes
- D. Directories

Answer: D

Question: 17

When a client goes through a junction, the client has entered:

- A. A different Vserver
- B. A different volume
- C. A different junction
- D. A different cluster

Answer: B

Question: 18

Select the following statements that are true about unplanned storage failover (SFO). (Choose all that apply)

- A. The “down” system is entirely virtually hosted by the HA partner and appears to be “up”.
- B. The data LIFs are always migrated to the HA partner
- C. The surviving partner assumes ownership of the failed partners aggregates

D. The volume location database (VLDB) is updated with the new location of the aggregates and volumes

Answer: C,D

Question: 19

Which of the following statements is true about giveback with storage failover?

- A. The surviving partner returns ownership of all the aggregates all at the same time to its partner node
- B. The surviving partner returns ownership of the all the aggregates and the data LIFS to its partner
- C. The surviving partner returns ownership of the root aggregate first followed by the other aggregates to its partner node
- D. I/O only resumes when all aggregates are returned to the partner node

Answer: C

Question: 20

Junctions are used to join volumes to ...

- A. Form a namespace
- B. A node vs server
- C. UNIX clients
- D. CIFS clients

Answer: A

Question: 21

In clustered Data ONTAP 8.2, an aggregate by default is _____.

- A. 32 bit, RAID DP, Snapshot reserve 0
- B. 32 bit, RAID 4, Snapshot reserve 0

- C. 64 bit, RAID 4, Snapshot reserve 0
- D. 64 bit, RAID DP, Snapshot reserve 0

Answer: D

Question: 22

What is the minimum number of disks in a non-root aggregate with RAID-DP

- A. 2
- B. 3
- C. 5
- D. 8
- E. 12

Answer: C

Question: 23

What is aggregate relocation (ARL)? Choose all that apply.

- A. Provides zero copy, non-disruptive relocation of (non-root) online SFO aggregates to a partner node
- B. Provides zero copy, non-disruptive relocation of (root) online CFO aggregates to a partner node
- C. Is utilized during planned events such as fast negotiated takeovers, controller hardware upgrades, and other maintenance operations
- D. Is utilized during unplanned events such as controller failure

Answer: A,C

Question: 24

Which of the following logical interfaces have failover and migration capabilities between nodes?
(choose all that apply)

- A. Data (FC, iSCSI)
- B. Cluster management
- C. Data (CIFS, NFS)
- D. Node management
- E. Cluster interconnect

Answer: B,C

Question: 25

What is a LIF? (choose all that apply)

- A. A logical interface connection
- B. A logical inter-fabric connection
- C. May be associated with a IP address
- D. May be associated with a WWPN
- E. May be associated with a interface group

Answer: A,C,D,E

Question: 26

What are the roles that can be assigned to physical ports in clustered ONTAP? (choose all that apply)

- A. Data
- B. Cluster management
- C. Cluster
- D. Node-management
- E. Intercluster

Answer: A,C,D,E

Question: 27

Which of the following are types of failover groups? (Choose all that apply)

- A. System defined
- B. User defined
- C. Next Available
- D. Priority
- E. Clusterwide

Answer: A,B,E

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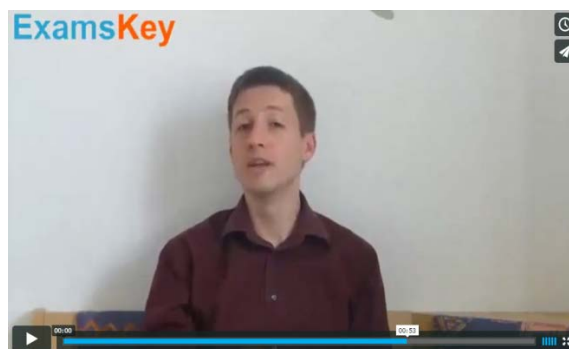
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